A longitudinal study on the occurrence of Extended-spectrum betalactamases and CIT-type AmpC beta-lactamases- producing *Escherichia coli* in conventional and organic pig farms in Northeast Germany

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Extended-spectrum ß-lactamase (ESBL)/AmpC-producing Escherichia coli strains are widely distributed among pigs. However, there was little information available on the occurrence of ESBL/AmpC-producing Enterobacteriaceae in organic pig farms in Germany.

Three conventional and four organic pig farms were examined for the presence of ESBL/AmpC-producing Enterobacteriaceae in a longitudinal study in Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania. Each farm was visited 5 times roughly every two months in 2018. Depending on the farm, pooled faecal samples of 6 age groups were collected. Swabs of the pooled faecal samples were taken, cultured and tested for phenotypically ESBL-suspicious E. coli colonies. Presence of genes encoding beta-lactamases of CTX-M, SHV, TEM and CIT-type AmpCs was determined in these colonies using a real-time PCR.

In total, 1150 faecal swabs were cultured, of which 281 E. coli were phenotypically cefotaxime-resistant, i.e. ESBL-suspicious. All farms were classified as ESBL-suspicious, but the number of ESBL-suspicious samples per farm varied between 1% (organic farm) and 43% (conventional farm). ESBL-suspicious samples per barn or barn compartment varied between 8% (organic farm) and 78% (also an organic farm). Determination of the underlying resistance genes by real-time PCR of the most promising phenotypically cefotaxime-resistant 186 E. coli isolates revealed that almost all isolates were CTX-M-positive (90%).

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